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(51) INT CL<sup>5</sup>  
 G04B 47/00, B65D 55/02

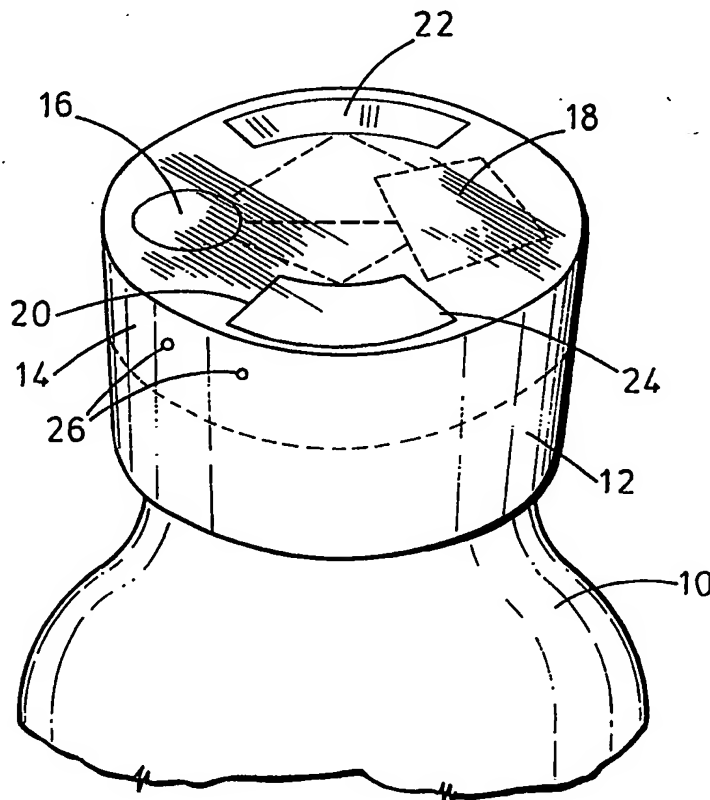
(52) UK CL (Edition L)  
 B8T TWB T13A  
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 U1S S1310

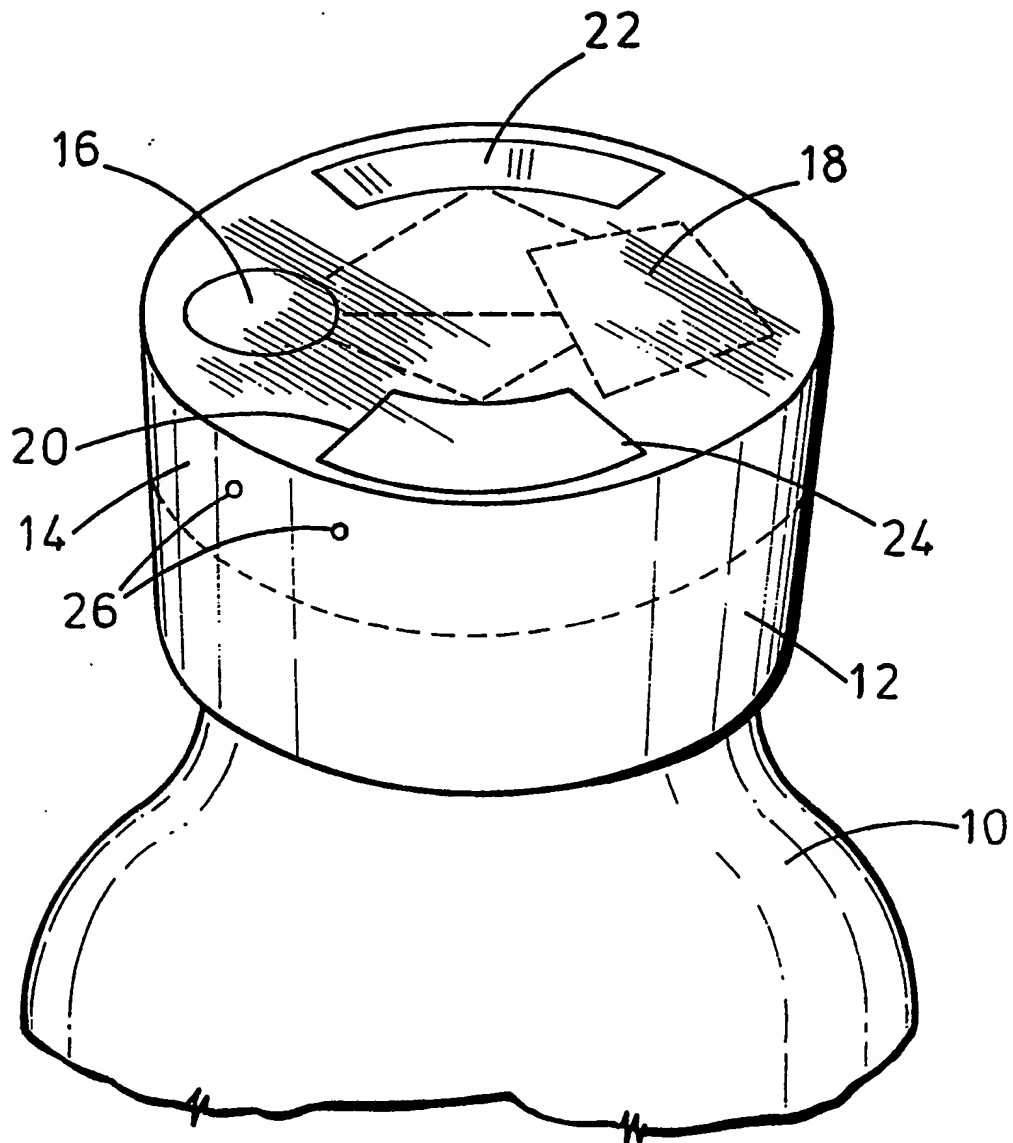
(56) Documents cited  
 GB 2253287 A GB 2186273 A GB 2123585 A  
 US 4387955 A  
 PACKAGING March 1990, Technology Caps New  
 Closure Ideas

(58) Field of search  
 UK CL (Edition L) B8T TWB, G3T TS2  
 INT CL<sup>5</sup> B65D 55/00 55/02, G04B 47/00 47/02

(54) **Container cap with alarm**

(57) A cap (12) for a container (10), especially a medicine container, has means (22, 24) for indicating an alarm condition associated with the container or its contents such as, for example, that a dose of medicine is due to be taken or that the container has been opened without permission. The cap may be a cover for a closure. The alarm conditions may be indicated by an audible signal or a visual signal, eg a liquid crystal display or a light emitting diode, or by vibration of the cap or a part associated therewith. Pin sized control buttons (26) may be provided for controlling a timer of a circuit including a micro-chip (18) and a battery (16) positioned in a compartment (14) of the cap.



1 / 1

Title: Containers

DESCRIPTION

The present invention relates to containers, particularly but not exclusively medicine containers.

5           A large proportion of the population have to take medicine on a regular basis to sustain their quality of life, such as, for example, the very elderly, diabetics and long term illness patients. That is in addition to those prescribed medicines for relatively shorter  
10           periods. In common with most medicines is the need for doses to be taken at regular intervals. That need should be strictly adhered to for most medicines to have their optimum effect. However, it is not uncommon for the taking of a dose of medicine to be overlooked or for  
15           it to be taken at the wrong time.

          Another problem associated with medicine containers is the possibility of young children opening a container undetected and swallowing tablets or liquid medicines causing them harm. It would be advantageous  
20           to have a warning when a medicine container is opened without permission. The same problem is also prevalent in connection with dangerous substances used in the home, such as bleach.

          Also, in general if containers storing, for

example, volatile liquids are left open by accident, the volatile liquid can evaporate. Examples of volatile liquids in general use include paint and paint thinners.

One object of the present invention is to provide  
5 a medicine container with a means of reminding when a dose of medicine should be taken.

Another object of the present invention is to provide a container with means for indicating undesired or unauthorised opening of the container.

10 According to the present invention there is provided a container associated with alarm means for indicating when contents of the container, for example, medicine, should be taken and/or when the container has been opened.

15 In a preferred embodiment of the invention said means for indicating is associated with a cap for the container. A preferred means for indicating comprises means for emitting a signal when a dose of medicine is due to be taken and/or when the cap has been removed  
20 from the container. The signal emitted may be audible and/or visible. An additional or alternative signal may be vibration of the cap which may be detected by touch, which would be particularly useful for a partially deaf user.

25 The indicating means is preferably battery powered. The battery may be replaceable or may be

sealed into the cap at manufacture.

In one preferred embodiment said indicating means is programmable whereby desired intervals at which a dose of medicine should be taken may be set, for example, by a dispensing pharmacist. Alternatively, different caps, say colour coded, may be provided pre-set for different time intervals. The latter may eliminate the possibility of error by the pharmacist in setting the intervals.

In a specific preferred embodiment of the invention a cap for a medicine container has a programmable timer, a power supply, such as a battery, and an audible alarm emitter and/or a visual alarm display, such as a liquid crystal display or a light emitting diode display. The audible alarm may emit any suitable signal, such as a continuous tone or an interrupted tone. The visual display may provide a continuous display but preferably will be arranged to provide a flashing display.

In another preferred embodiment of the invention said indicating means is arranged to be activated upon removal of the cap from the container. This arrangement may be additional to means for indicating when a dose of medicine should be taken or may be provided as a single function. The indicating means in this embodiment is preferably primed by the action of fitting a cap onto

the container. When the cap is removed a preferably continuous audible signal is emitted, which is preferably only stopped by replacement of the cap on the container.

5           The cap according to the invention may be a closure for a container or may be a cover for a closure. The cover is preferably arranged so that it must be removed before the closure can be removed, so ensuring that the indicating means is activated by removal of the  
10           cover.

          The components for the indicating means may conveniently be located in a compartment of a cap for a container and the cap itself be of a child-proof type. The compartment is preferably sealable to avoid  
15           tampering or to avoid corrosion or degradation of its contents by vaporised container contents. Controls for the indicating means are preferably of the pin-sized type used in digital watches and which may be provided flush with an outer surface of the cap.

20           Provision of medicine containers with means for indicating when a dose of medicine is to be taken, whether it be in the form of a liquid, tablets or powders, could have the advantage of patients taking doses of medicine at correct intervals and hence  
25           improve rates of recovery from illness.

          Provision of containers with means for indicating

opening thereof, especially undesired opening thereof, may be useful for containers of product other than medicines to be taken in doses, such as non-prescriptive drugs eg aspirin and dangerous liquids eg bleach to prevent unauthorised removal of contents and volatile liquids, solvents and thinners to prevent waste thereof.

This invention will now be further described, by way of example only, with reference to the accompanying drawing, which shows a medicine bottle having a cap with means for indicating when a dose of medicine is to be taken.

Referring to the accompanying drawing there is illustrated a medicine bottle or container 10, which may contain medicine in any form and may be of plastics or glass, having a cap 12, which may be a conventional screw cap and/or may be of a tamper-proof type to prevent children obtaining unsupervised access to the medicine. It will be clear from the above that the type of container and the type of cap are generally immaterial to the invention.

The cap 12 has a compartment 14 formed therein which compartment houses a battery 16 as power supply for circuitry including a programmable micro-chip 18 and a timer 20. The circuitry also includes an audible alarm signal emitter 22 and a liquid crystal display 24 for a visual signal. Pin holes 26 in the side of the

cap 12 provide access to push button controls for start/stop/timer set functions. Alternatively a single pin hole push button may be provided to control all required functions.

5           In one form the cap will be programmable for different time intervals say 2, 4, 6 or 8 hourly intervals, so a visible signal, such as intermittent flashing of the L.C.D display, and/or an audible signal, such an intermittent tone, are produced for a pre-set  
10           period of time at the end of each interval.

          In an alternative form, caps may be provided that are already programmed for set intervals, say 2, 4, 6 or 8 hours, the cap for each interval type being of a different colour to the others, and requiring only  
15           start/stop functions. . Again, audible and/or visual alarm signals may be produced by such a cap.

          The cap may also be arranged and programmed to emit an alarm signal when it is removed from the container.



## CLAIMS

1. A cap for a container, the cap having means for indicating an alarm condition associated with the container or its contents.
- 5 2. A cap as claimed in claim 1 in the form of a closure for the container.
3. A cap as claimed in claim 1 in the form of a cover for a closure of the container.
4. A cap as claimed in claim 3, wherein the cover is  
10 arranged to be removable before the closure may be removed from the container.
5. A cap as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 4, wherein the alarm condition is undesired removal of the cap.
- 15 6. A cap as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 5 wherein the alarm condition is to indicate when contents of the container should be removed.
7. A cap as claimed in claim 6, wherein the container is a medicine bottle and the means for  
20 indicating is programmed to indicate when a dose of medicine is to be taken.
8. A cap as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 7, wherein the means for indicating comprises means for emitting a signal.
- 25 9. A cap as claimed in claim 8, wherein the signal

is audible and/or visible.

10. A cap as claimed in claim 8, wherein the signal is vibration of the cap or a part of or associated therewith.

5 11. A cap as claimed in claim 1 having a programable timer, a power supply and an audible alarm emitter and/or a visual alarm display.

12. A cap as claimed in claim 11 wherein the visual alarm emitter is a liquid crystal display or a light  
10 emitting diode.

13. A cap as claimed in claim 11 or 12, wherein the audible alarm emitter emits a continuous tone signal.

14. A cap as claimed in claim 11 or 12, wherein the audible alarm emitter emits an interrupted tone signal.

15 15. A cap as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 14 having one or more pin-sized control buttons.

16. A cap for a container substantially as hereinbefore described with reference to and as illustrated in the accompanying drawing.

-9 -

**Patents Act 1977**  
**Examiner's report to the Comptroller under**  
**Section 17 (The Search Report)**

Application number

GB 9305580.4

**Relevant Technical fields**

(i) UK Cl (Edition L ) B8T (TWB); G3T (TS2)

(ii) Int Cl (Edition 5 ) G04B 47/00, 47/02;  
 B65D 55/00, 55/02

**Databases (see over)**

(i) UK Patent Office

(ii)

**Search Examiner**

LINDA HARDEN

**Date of Search**

20 APRIL 1993

Documents considered relevant following a search in respect of claims 1-16

Category (see over)	Identity of document and relevant passages	Relevant to claim(s)
X, P	GB 2253287 A (A C JENKINSON) 02.09.92 - entire document relevant	1-3, 6-9, 12-15
X	GB 2186273 A (D INSTANCE LTD) - entire document relevant	1-5, 8-14
X	GB 2123585 A (AMERICAN CYANAMID CO) - see in particular Figure 2	1, 2, 6-14
X	US 4367955 (BALLEW) - see in particular Figure 3	1-3, 6-16
X	PACKAGING March 1990, Technology Caps New Closure Ideas	1-16

Category	Identity of document and relevant passages	Relevant to claim(s)

### Categories of documents

**X:** Document indicating lack of novelty or of inventive step.

**Y:** Document indicating lack of inventive step if combined with one or more other documents of the same category.

**A:** Document indicating technological background and/or state of the art.

**P:** Document published on or after the declared priority date but before the filing date of the present application.

**E:** Patent document published on or after, but with priority date earlier than, the filing date of the present application.

**&:** Member of the same patent family, corresponding document.

**Databases:** The UK Patent Office database comprises classified collections of GB, EP, WO and US patent specifications as outlined periodically in the Official Journal (Patents). The on-line databases considered for search are also listed periodically in the Official Journal (Patents).

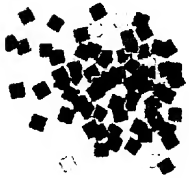
Linda P Wilkins /PharmUS  
06-Dec-2005 10:14

Payroll  
To Joyce M Hartnett/CORP/GSK@GSK  
cc  
bcc  
Subject Re: Knot form for Chuck Dadswell

Hi Joyce,

That should take care of it.

Linda Wilkins  
Joyce M Hartnett/CORP



Joyce M Hartnett /CORP  
01-Dec-2005 10:17

Corporate Intellectual Property / RTP, NC MAI.B503 Tel:  
919/483-7776 Fax: 919/315-4032  
E-Mail: joyce.m.hartnett@gsk.com  
To Linda P Wilkins/PharmUS/GSK@GSK  
cc  
Subject Re: Knot form for Chuck Dadswell

Linda,

Spoke with Stacey at Employee Response Center a short time ago and she indicated that she has added the 30 hours (4 days) of carry over vacation time from 2004 for Chuck. She said you probably will not be able to see it until tomorrow but that it will be in the Kronos System. Is that all I needed to do to get his 2004 carry over in the system - do I need to fill in a Knot Form??? It is my understanding that since I am actively using Kronos, any carry over he may have from 2005 will automatically show for him.

Thanks for all your assistance.

Joyce

Linda P Wilkins/PharmUS

Linda P Wilkins /PharmUS  
30-Nov-2005 13:27

Payroll  
To Joyce M Hartnett/CORP/GSK@GSK  
cc  
Subject Knot form for Chuck Dadswell

Hi Joyce,

I have completed the time for Chuck Dadswell in our Kronos. However I am showing no carry over vacation for 2004. He will need to speak with ERC to have that issue resolved.

Thanks.

Linda Wilkins